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Styrene butadiene rubber by emulsion means a polymer consisting primarily of styrene and butadiene monomer units produced using an emulsion process. Styrene butadiene rubber by emulsion does not include styrene butadiene latex.

Styrene butadiene rubber by solution means a polymer that consists primarily of styrene and butadiene monomer units and is produced using a solution process.

Supplemental combustion air means the air that is added to a vent stream after the vent stream leaves the unit operation. Air that is part of the vent stream as a result of the nature of the unit operation is not considered supplemental combustion air. Air required to operate combustion device burner(s) is not considered supplemental combustion air. Air required to ensure the proper operation of catalytic oxidizers, to include the intermittent addition of air upstream of the catalyst bed to maintain a minimum threshold flow rate through the catalyst bed or to avoid excessive temperatures in the catalyst bed, is not considered to be supplemental combustion air.

Suspension process means a polymerization process where the monomer(s) is in a state of suspension, with the help of suspending agents in a medium other than water (typically an organic solvent). The resulting polymers are not soluble in the reactor medium.

Total organic compounds (TOC) means those compounds, excluding methane and ethane, measured according to the procedures of Method 18 or Method 25A, 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

Total resource effectiveness index value or TRE index value means a measure of the supplemental total resource requirement per unit reduction of organic HAP associated with a continuous front-end process vent stream, based on vent stream flow rate, emission rate of organic HAP, net heating value, and corrosion properties (whether or not the continuous front-end process vent stream contains halogenated compounds), as quantified by the equations given under §63.115, with the exceptions noted in §63.485.

Vent stream, as used in reference to batch front-end process vents, continuous front-end process vents, and aggregate batch vent streams, means the emissions from one or more process vents.

Waste management unit is defined in §63.111, except that where the definition in §63.111 uses the term "chemical manufacturing process unit," the term "EPPU" shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.

Wastewater means water that:

- (1) Contains either:
- (i) An annual average concentration of organic HAP listed in Table 5 of this subpart of at least 5 parts per million by weight and has an annual average flow rate of 0.02 liter per minute or greater; or
- (ii) An annual average concentration of organic HAP listed on Table 5 of this subpart of at least 10,000 parts per million by weight at any flow rate; and
- (2) Is discarded from an EPPU that is part of an affected source. Wastewater is process wastewater or maintenance wastewater.

Wastewater stream means a stream that contains wastewater as defined in this section.

[62 FR 46925, Sept. 5, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 11542, Mar. 9, 1999; 65 FR 38044, June 19, 2000]

§63.483 Emission standards.

- (a) Except as allowed under paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section, the owner or operator of an existing or new affected source shall comply with the provisions in:
 - (1) Section 63.484 for storage vessels;
- (2) Section 63.485 for continuous front-end process vents:
- (3) Sections 63.486 through 63.492 for batch front-end process vents;
- (4) Sections 63.493 through 63.500 for back-end process operations;
- (5) Section 63.501 for wastewater;
- (6) Section 63.502 for equipment leaks;
- (7) Section 63.504 for additional test methods and procedures;
- (8) Section 63.505 for monitoring levels and excursions; and
- (9) Section 63.506 for general reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
- (b) When emissions of different kinds (i.e., emissions from continuous frontend process vents, batch frontend process vents, aggregate batch vent

streams, storage vessels, process wastewater, and/or in-process equipment subject to §63.149) are combined, and at least one of the emission streams would be classified as Group 1 in the absence of combination with other emission streams, the owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with the requirements of either paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate. For purposes of this paragraph (b), owners or operators of affected sources with combined emission streams containing one or more batch front-end process vents and containing one or more continuous front-end process vents may comply with either paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate. For purposes of this paragraph (b), owners or operators of affected sources with combined emission streams containing one or more batch front-end process vents but not containing one or more continuous process vents shall comply with paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

- (1) Comply with the applicable requirements of this subpart for each kind of emission in the stream as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) of this section.
- (2) Comply with the first set of requirements, identified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(v) of this section, which applies to any individual emission stream that is included in the combined stream, where either that emission stream would be classified as Group 1 in the absence of combination with other emission streams, or the owner or operator chooses to consider that emission stream to be Group 1 for purposes of this paragraph. Compliance with the first applicable set of requirements identified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(v) of this section constitutes compliance with all other requirements in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(v) of this section applicable to other types of emissions in the combined stream.
- (i) The requirements of this subpart for Group 1 continuous front-end process vents, including applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting;
- (ii) The requirements of §63.119(e), as specified in §63.484, for control of emissions from Group 1 storage vessels, in-

cluding applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting;

- (iii) The requirements of §63.139, as specified in §63.501, for control devices used to control emissions from waste management units, including applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting;
- (iv) The requirements of §63.139, as specified in §63.501, for closed vent systems for control of emissions from inprocess equipment subject to §63.149, as specified in §63.501, including applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting; or
- (v) The requirements of this subpart for aggregate batch vent streams, including applicable monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting.
- (3) The owner or operator of an affected source with combined emission streams containing one or more batch front-end process vents, but not containing one or more continuous front-end process vents, shall comply with paragraphs (b)(3)(i) and (b)(3)(ii) of this section.
- (i) The owner or operator of the affected source shall comply with §63.486 for the batch front-end process vent stream(s).
- (ii) The owner or operator of the affected source shall comply with either paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, for the remaining emission streams.
- (c) Instead of complying with §§ 63.484, 63.485, 63.493, and 63.501, the owner or operator of an existing affected source may elect to control any or all of the storage vessels, continuous front-end process vents, batch frontend process vents, aggregate batch vent streams, back-end process emissions, and wastewater streams and associated waste management units within the affected source, to different levels using an emissions averaging compliance approach that uses the procedures specified in §63.503. The restrictions concerning which emission points may be included in an emissions average, including how many emission points may be included, are specified in §63.503(a)(1). An owner or operator electing to use emissions averaging shall still comply with the provisions of §§ 63.484, 63.485, 63. 486, 63.493, and 63.501 for affected source emission

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points not included in the emissions average.

(d) A State may decide not to allow the use of the emissions averaging compliance approach specified in paragraph (c) of this section.

[62 FR 46925, Sept. 5, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 38048, June 19, 2000]

§63.484 Storage vessel provisions.

- (a) This section applies to each storage vessel that is assigned to an affected source, as determined by §63.480(g). Except for those storage vessels exempted by paragraph (b) of this section, the owner or operator of affected sources shall comply with the requirements of §§63.119 through 63.123 and 63.148, with the differences noted in paragraphs (c) through (s) of this section, for the purposes of this subpart.
- (b) Storage vessels described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(7) of this section are exempt from the storage vessel requirements of this section.
- (1) Storage vessels containing styrene-butadiene latex;
- (2) Storage vessels containing latex products other than styrene-butadiene latex, located downstream of the stripping operations:
- (3) Storage vessels containing high conversion latex products;
- (4) Storage vessels located downstream of the stripping operations at affected sources subject to the backend residual organic HAP limitation located in §63.494, that are complying through the use of stripping technology, as specified in §63.495;
- (5) Storage vessels containing styrene;
- (6) Storage vessels containing acrylamide; and
- (7) Storage vessels containing epichlorohydrin.
- (c) When the term "storage vessel" is used in §§ 63.119 through 63.123, the definition of this term in §63.482 shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.
- (d) When the term "Group 1 storage vessel" is used in §§63.119 through 63.123, the definition of this term in §63.482 shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.
- (e) When the term "Group 2 storage vessel" is used in $\S 63.119$ through 63.123, the definition of this term in

§63.482 shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.

- (f) When the emissions averaging provisions of §63.150 are referred to in §63.119 and §63.123, the emissions averaging provisions contained in §63.503 shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.
- (g) When December 31, 1992 is referred to in §63.119, June 12, 1995 shall apply instead, for the purposes of this subpart.
- (h) When April 22, 1994 is referred to in §63.119, June 19, 2000 shall apply instead, for the purposes of this subpart.
- (i) The owner or operator of an affected source shall comply with this paragraph instead of §63.120(d)(1)(ii) for the purposes of this subpart. If the control device used to comply with §63.119(e) is also used to comply with any of the requirements found in §§ 63.485 through 63.501, the performance test required in or accepted by the applicable requirements in §§ 63.485 through 63.501 is acceptable for demonstrating compliance with §63.119(e). for the purposes of this subpart. The owner or operator will not be required to prepare a design evaluation for the control device as described §63.120(d)(1)(i), if the performance test meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (i)(1) and (i)(2) of this section.
- (1) The performance test demonstrates that the control device achieves greater than or equal to the required control efficiency specified in $\S63.119(e)(1)$ or $\S63.119(e)(2)$, as applicable; and
- (2) The performance test is submitted as part of the Notification of Compliance Status required by §63.506(e)(5).
- (j) When the term "range" is used in $\S\S63.120(d)(3)(i)$, 63.120(d)(5), and 63.122(g)(2), the term "level" shall apply instead, for the purposes of this subpart.
- (k) For purposes of this subpart, the monitoring plan required by §63.120(d)(2) shall specify for which control devices the owner or operator has selected to follow the procedures for continuous monitoring specified in §63.505. For those control devices for which the owner or operator has selected to not follow the procedures for continuous monitoring specified in